

Tower Hamlets Application for a premises licence Licensing Act 2003

For help contact

licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk Telephone: 020 7364 5008

		* required information
Section 1 of 21		
You can save the form at any t	ime and resume it later. You do not need to be	e logged in when you resume.
System reference	Not Currently In Use	This is the unique reference for this application generated by the system.
Your reference	SID	You can put what you want here to help you track applications if you make lots of them. It is passed to the authority.
Are you an agent acting on be	half of the applicant?	Put "no" if you are applying on your own behalf or on behalf of a business you own or work for.
0 103		WORK TOT.
Applicant Details		
* First name	BALBINDER	
* Family name	SIDHU	
* E-mail		
Main telephone number		Include country code.
Other telephone number		
	ld prefer not to be contacted by telephone	
Are you:		
 Applying as a business of 	or organisation, including as a sole trader	A sole trader is a business owned by one person without any special legal structure.
 Applying as an individual 	al	Applying as an individual means you are applying so you can be employed, or for some other personal reason, such as following a hobby.
Applicant Business		
Is your business registered in the UK with Companies House?	Yes No	Note: completing the Applicant Business section is optional in this form.
Registration number	14906913	
Business name	WANG WANG 4A LIMITED	If your business is registered, use its registered name.
VAT number	NONE	Put "none" if you are not registered for VAT.
Legal status	Private Limited Company	

Continued from previous page		1
Your position in the business	DIRECTOR	
Home country	United Kingdom	The country where the headquarters of your business is located.
Registered Address		Address registered with Companies House.
Building number or name	4A	
Street	COMMERCIAL STREET	
District		
City or town	LONDON	
County or administrative area	TOWER HAMLETS	
Postcode	E1 6LP	
Country	United Kingdom	
Section 2 of 21		
PREMISES DETAILS		
	ply for a premises licence under section 17 of the premises) and I/we are making this application the Licensing Act 2003.	
Premises Address		
Are you able to provide a posta	al address, OS map reference or description of t	the premises?
AddressOS ma	o reference O Description	
Postal Address Of Premises		
Building number or name	4A	
Street	COMMERCIAL STREET	
District		
City or town	LONDON	
County or administrative area	TOWER HAMLETS	
Postcode	E1 6LP	
Country	United Kingdom	
Further Details		
Telephone number		
Non-domestic rateable value of premises (£)	57,000	

Secti	on 3 of 21		
APPL	ICATION DETAILS		
In wh	at capacity are you applyi	ng for the premises licence?	
	An individual or individua	als	
\boxtimes	A limited company / limit	ed liability partnership	
	A partnership (other than	ı limited liability)	
	An unincorporated assoc	iation	
	Other (for example a state	utory corporation)	
	A recognised club		
	A charity		
	The proprietor of an educ	cational establishment	
	A health service body		
	A person who is registere	ed under part 2 of the Care Standards Act	
Ш	2000 (c14) in respect of a	n independent hospital in Wales	
	A person who is registered under Chapter 2 of Part 1 of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 in respect of the carrying on of a regulated activity (within the meaning of that Part) in an independent hospital in England		
	The chief officer of police	of a police force in England and Wales	
Conf	irm The Following		
\boxtimes	I am carrying on or propo the use of the premises fo	osing to carry on a business which involves or licensable activities	
	I am making the application pursuant to a statutory function		
	I am making the application pursuant to a function discharged by virtue of His Majesty's prerogative		
Secti	on 4 of 21		
NON	INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT	<u>'S</u>	
	•	ddress of applicant in full. Where appropriate give any registered number. In the case of a ure (other than a body corporate), give the name and address of each party concerned.	
Non	Individual Applicant's Na	ame	
Nam	e	WANG WANG 4A LIMITED	
Deta	ils		
_	stered number (where cable)	14906913	
Desc	ription of applicant (for ex	cample partnership, company, unincorporated association etc)	

Continued from previous page		
COMPANY		
Address		
Building number or name	4A	
Street	COMMERCIAL STREET	
District		
City or town	LONDON	
County or administrative area	TOWER HAMLETS	
Postcode	E1 6LP	
Country	United Kingdom	
Contact Details		
Telephone number		
Other telephone number		
* Date of birth	dd mm yyyy	
* Nationality	BRITISH	Documents that demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK
	Add another applicant	
Section 5 of 21		
OPERATING SCHEDULE		
When do you want the premises licence to start?	25 / 12 / 2023 dd mm yyyy	
If you wish the licence to be valid only for a limited period, when do you want it to end	dd mm yyyy	
Provide a general description of	of the premises	
licensing objectives. Where yo	ses, its general situation and layout and any oth ur application includes off-supplies of alcohol ar olies you must include a description of where th	nd you intend to provide a place for
PURPOSE BUILT GROCERY STO	RE	

Continued from previous page	
If 5,000 or more people are	
expected to attend the premises at any one time,	
state the number expected to	
attend	
Section 6 of 21	
PROVISION OF PLAYS	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing plays?	
○ Yes	No
Section 7 of 21	
PROVISION OF FILMS	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing films?	
	No
Section 8 of 21	
PROVISION OF INDOOR SPOR	RTING EVENTS
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing indoor s	porting events?
○ Yes	No
Section 9 of 21	
PROVISION OF BOXING OR W	RESTLING ENTERTAINMENTS
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing boxing of	or wrestling entertainments?
○ Yes	No
Section 10 of 21	
PROVISION OF LIVE MUSIC	
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing live mus	ic?
○ Yes	No
Section 11 of 21	
PROVISION OF RECORDED M	USIC
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing recorded	d music?
○ Yes	No
Section 12 of 21	
PROVISION OF PERFORMANO	CES OF DANCE
See guidance on regulated en	tertainment
Will you be providing perform	ances of dance?

Continued from previous	page					
Section 13 of 21						
PROVISION OF ANYTH DANCE	ING OF A	A SIMILAR	DESCRIPTION TO L	IVE	MUSIC, REC	CORDED MUSIC OR PERFORMANCES OF
See guidance on regula						
Will you be providing a performances of dance		similar to li	ve music, recorded n	nus	ic or	
○ Yes	(• No				
Section 14 of 21						
LATE NIGHT REFRESHI						
Will you be providing la	ate night	refreshme	nt?			
○ Yes	(• No				
Section 15 of 21						
SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL						
Will you be selling or su	upplying	alcohol?				
Yes) No				
Standard Days And Ti	mings					
MONDAY						Give timings in 24 hour clock.
	Start	08:00	Er	nd	21:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days
	Start		Er	nd		of the week when you intend the premises to be used for the activity.
TUESDAY	_					,
10205711	Start	08:00	Er	nd	21:00	
		30.00			[21.00	
	Start		Er	ıu		
WEDNESDAY	_					
	Start	08:00	Er	nd	21:00	
	Start		Er	nd		
THURSDAY						
	Start	08:00	Er	nd	21:00	
	Start		Er	nd		
EDIDAV	Ctailt [<u>-</u> .			
FRIDAY	a [_			
		08:00	Łr	nd	21:00	
	Start		Er	nd		
SATURDAY						
	Start	08:00	Er	nd	21:00	
	Start		Er	nd		

Continued from previous page			
SUNDAY			
Start		End	
Start		End	
Will the sale of alcohol be for c	consumption:		If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on
On the premises	Off the premises	Both	the premises select on, if the sale of alcohol is for consumption away from the premises select off. If the sale of alcohol is for consumption on the premises and away from the premises select both.
State any seasonal variations			
For example (but not exclusive	ely) where the activity will occ	ur on additional da	ays during the summer months.
NONE			
column on the left, list below	,		nol at different times from those listed in the on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
NONE		., gg	
NONE			
State the name and details of licence as premises supervisor		to specify on the	
Name			
First name	BALBINDER		
Family name	SIDHU		
Date of birth	dd mm yyyy		

Continued from previous page		
Enter the contact's address		
Building number or name	4A	
Street	COMMERCIAL STREET	
District		
City or town	LONDON	
County or administrative area	TOWER HAMLETS	
Postcode	E1 6LP	
Country	United Kingdom	
Personal Licence number (if known)		
Issuing licensing authority (if known)		
PROPOSED DESIGNATED PRE	MISES SUPERVISOR CONSENT	
How will the consent form of the supplied to the authority?	ne proposed designated premises supervisor	
C Electronically, by the prop	posed designated premises supervisor	
 As an attachment to this 	application	
Reference number for consent form (if known)		If the consent form is already submitted, ask the proposed designated premises supervisor for its 'system reference' or 'your reference'.
Section 16 of 21		75707570007
ADULT ENTERTAINMENT		
Highlight any adult entertainm premises that may give rise to	nent or services, activities, or other entertainme concern in respect of children	ent or matters ancillary to the use of the
rise to concern in respect of ch	ng intended to occur at the premises or ancilla ildren, regardless of whether you intend childr semi-nudity, films for restricted age groups etc	ren to have access to the premises, for example
NONE		
Section 17 of 21		
HOURS PREMISES ARE OPEN	TO THE PUBLIC	
Standard Days And Timings		
MONDAY		Give timings in 24 hour clock.
Start	08:00 End 21:00	(e.g., 16:00) and only give details for the days of the week when you intend the premises
Start	End	to be used for the activity.

Continued from previous	page			
TUESDAY				
	Start	08:00	End	21:00
	Start		End	
WEDNESDAY				
	Start	08:00	End	21:00
	Start		End	
THURCDAY	Start		LIIG	
THURSDAY	0	00.00		04.00
		08:00	End	21:00
	Start		End	
FRIDAY				
	Start	08:00	End	21:00
	Start		End	
SATURDAY				
	Start	08:00	End	21:00
	Start		End	
CLINIDAY	Start		LIIG	
SUNDAY				
	Start		End	
	Start		End	
State any seasonal variat	tions			
For example (but not ex	clusive	ly) where the activity will occi	ur on a	additional days during the summer months.
NONE				
Non standard timings. W those listed in the colum			s to be	e open to the members and guests at different times from
			ty to c	go on longer on a particular day o g. Christmas Evo
	Ciusive	——————————————————————————————————————	iy io g	o on longer on a particular day e.g. Christmas Eve.
NONE				
Casting 10 of 21				
Section 18 of 21 LICENSING OBJECTIVES	2			
		to take to promote the four lic	censin	ng objectives:
a) General – all four licer		·		
	isiniy U			

Continued from previous page
List here steps you will take to promote all four licensing objectives together.
STAFF TRAINING, THERE WILL BE TWO PERSONAL LICENCE HOLDERS, ONE WHO WILL BE ON THE PREMISES FROM 18.00 HRS. UNTIL CLOSING. ALCOHOL WILL ONLY BE SOLD FROM BEHIND THE TILL. THE RANGE OF ALCHOL WILL BE LIMITED TO ORIENTAL PRODUCTS SUCH AS SAKE, ASAHI AND SOJU. A CHALLENGE 25 POLICY A REFUSAL LOG WILL BE KEPT ON THE PREMISES
b) The prevention of crime and disorder
THE PREMISES HAVE CCTV INSTALLED AND RECORDINGS WILL BE KEPT FOR 31 DAYS.A MEMEBR OF STAFF WILL BE AVAILALBE TO DOWNLOAD THE IMAGES WHEN REQUIRED BY THE RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES DURING OPENING HOURS.
c) Public safety
THE PREMISES COMPLY WITH THE 2005 REGULATORY REFORM ACT
d) The prevention of public nuisance
APPROPRIATE NOTICES ASKING PATRONS TO RESPECT OUR NEIGHBOURS
e) The protection of children from harm
NOTICES ADVISING CUSTOMERS OF OUR UNDER 25 POLICY
Section 19 of 21
NOTES ON DEMONSTRATING ENTITLEMENT TO WORK IN THE UK

Entitlement to work/immigration status for individual applicants and applications from partnerships which are not limited liability partnerships:

A licence may not be held by an individual or an individual in a partnership who is resident in the UK who:

- does not have the right to live and work in the UK; or
- is subject to a condition preventing him or her from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

Any premises licence issued in respect of an application made on or after 6 April 2017 will become invalid if the holder ceases to be entitled to work in the UK.

Applicants must demonstrate that they have an entitlement to work in the UK and are not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity. They do this in one of two ways: 1) by providing with this application copies or scanned copies of the documents listed below (which do not need to be certified), or 2) by providing their 'share code' to enable the licensing authority to carry out a check using the Home Office online right to work checking service (see below).

Documents which demonstrate entitlement to work in the UK

- An expired or current passport showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is A British citizen or a citizen of the UK and Colonies having the right of abode in the UK [please see note below about which sections of the passport to copy].
- An expired or current passport or national identity card showing the holder, or a person named in the passport as the child of the holder, is a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Registration Certificate or document certifying permanent residence issued by the Home Office to a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A Permanent Residence Card issued by the Home Office to the family member of a national of a European Economic Area country or Switzerland.
- A current Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder indicating that the person named is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A **current** passport endorsed to show that the holder is exempt from immigration control, is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK, has the right of abode in the UK, or has no time limit on their stay in the UK.
- A current Immigration Status Document issued by the Home Office to the holder with an endorsement indicating that the named person is allowed to stay indefinitely in the UK or has no time limit on their stay in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the UK, when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A birth or adoption certificate issued in the Channel Islands, the Isle of Man or Ireland when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A certificate of registration or naturalisation as a British citizen, when produced in combination with an
 official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance number and their name issued by a
 Government agency or a previous employer.

- A current passport endorsed to show that the holder is allowed to stay in the UK and is currently allowed to
 work and is not subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a
 licensable activity.
- A **current** Biometric Immigration Document (Biometric Residence Permit) issued by the Home Office to the holder which indicates that the named person can currently stay in the UK and is allowed to work relation to the carrying on of a licensable activity.
- A **current** Residence Card issued by the Home Office to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights or residence.
- A current Immigration Status Document containing a photograph issued by the Home Office to the holder
 with an endorsement indicating that the named person may stay in the UK, and is allowed to work and is not
 subject to a condition preventing the holder from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity
 when produced in combination with an official document giving the person's permanent National Insurance
 number and their name issued by a Government agency or a previous employer.
- A Certificate of Application, **less than 6 months old**, issued by the Home Office under regulation 18(3) or 20(2) of the Immigration (European Economic Area) Regulations 2016, to a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence.
- Reasonable evidence that the person has an outstanding application to vary their permission to be in the UK
 with the Home Office such as the Home Office acknowledgement letter or proof of postage evidence, or
 reasonable evidence that the person has an appeal or administrative review pending on an immigration
 decision, such as an appeal or administrative review reference number.
- Reasonable evidence that a person who is not a national of a European Economic Area state or Switzerland but
 who is a family member of such a national or who has derivative rights of residence in exercising treaty rights in
 the UK including:-
 - evidence of the applicant's own identity such as a passport,
 - evidence of their relationship with the European Economic Area family member e.g. a marriage certificate, civil partnership certificate or birth certificate, and
 - evidence that the European Economic Area national has a right of permanent residence in the UK or is one of the following if they have been in the UK for more than 3 months:
 - (i) working e.g. employment contract, wage slips, letter from the employer,
 - (ii) self-employed e.g. contracts, invoices, or audited accounts with a bank,
 - (iii) studying e.g. letter from the school, college or university and evidence of sufficient funds; or
 - (iv) self-sufficient e.g. bank statements.

Family members of European Economic Area nationals who are studying or financially independent must also provide evidence that the European Economic Area national and any family members hold comprehensive sickness insurance in the UK. This can include a private medical insurance policy, an EHIC card or an S1, S2 or S3 form.

Original documents must not be sent to licensing authorities. If the document copied is a passport, a copy of the following pages should be provided:-

- (i) any page containing the holder's personal details including nationality;
- (ii) any page containing the holder's photograph;
- (iii) any page containing the holder's signature;
- (iv) any page containing the date of expiry; and
- (v) any page containing information indicating the holder has permission to enter or remain in the UK and is permitted to work.

If the document is not a passport, a copy of the whole document should be provided.

Your right to work will be checked as part of your licensing application and this could involve us checking your immigration status with the Home Office. We may otherwise share information with the Home Office. Your licence application will not be determined until you have complied with this guidance.

Home Office online right to work checking service

As an alternative to providing a copy of the documents listed above, applicants may demonstrate their right to work by allowing the licensing authority to carry out a check with the Home Office online right to work checking service.

To demonstrate their right to work via the Home Office online right to work checking service, applicants should include in this application their 9-digit share code (provided to them upon accessing the service at https://www.gov.uk/prove-right-to-work) which, along with the applicant's date of birth (provided within this application), will allow the licensing authority to carry out the check.

In order to establish the applicant's right to work, the check will need to indicate that the applicant is allowed to work in the United Kingdom and is not subject to a condition preventing them from doing work relating to the carrying on of a licensable activity.

An online check will not be possible in all circumstances because not all applicants will have an immigration status that can be checked online. The Home Office online right to work checking service sets out what information and/or documentation applicants will need in order to access the service. Applicants who are unable to obtain a share code from the service should submit copy documents as set out above.

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NOTES ON REGULATED ENTERTAINMENT

In terms of specific **regulated entertainments** please note that:

- Plays: no licence is required for performances between 08:00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
- Films: no licence is required for 'not-for-profit' film exhibition held in community premises between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day provided that the audience does not exceed 500 and the organiser (a) gets consent to the screening from a person who is responsible for the premises; and (b) ensures that each such screening abides by age classification ratings.
- Indoor sporting events: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000.
- Boxing or Wrestling Entertainment: no licence is required for a contest, exhibition or display of Greco-Roman wrestling, or freestyle wrestling between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 1000. Combined fighting sports defined as a contest, exhibition or display which combines boxing or wrestling with one or more martial arts are licensable as a boxing or wrestling entertainment rather than an indoor sporting event.
- Live music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o a performance of unamplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, on any premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a workplace that is not licensed to sell alcohol on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o a performance of amplified live music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.
- Recorded Music: no licence permission is required for:
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day on premises authorised to sell alcohol for consumption on those premises, provided that the audience does not exceed 500.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, in a church hall, village hall, community hall, or other similar community premises, that is not licensed by a premises licence to sell alcohol, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance from a person who is responsible for the premises.
 - o any playing of recorded music between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, at the non-residential premises of (i) a local authority, or (ii) a school, or (iii) a hospital, provided that (a) the audience does not exceed 500, and (b) the organiser gets consent for the performance on the relevant premises from: (i) the local authority concerned, or (ii) the school proprietor or (iii) the health care provider for the hospital.

- Dance: no licence is required for performances between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, provided that the audience does not exceed 500. However, a performance which amounts to adult entertainment remains licensable.
- Cross activity exemptions: no licence is required between 08.00 and 23.00 on any day, with no limit on audience size for:
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the local authority where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the local authority;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the hospital premises of the health care provider where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the health care provider;
 - o any entertainment taking place on the premises of the school where the entertainment is provided by or on behalf of the school proprietor; and
 - o any entertainment (excluding films and a boxing or wrestling entertainment) taking place at a travelling circus, provided that (a) it takes place within a moveable structure that accommodates the audience, and (b) that the travelling circus has not been located on the same site for more than 28 consecutive days.

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PAYMENT DETAILS

This fee must be paid to the authority. If you complete the application online, you must pay it by debit or credit card.

Premises Licence Fees are determined by the non domestic rateable value of the premises.

To find out a premises non domestic rateable value go to the Valuation Office Agency site at http://www.voa.gov.uk/business_rates/index.htm

Band A - No RV to £4,300 = £100.00

Band B - £4,301 to £33,000 = £190.00

Band C - £33.001 to £8700 = 315.00

Band D - £87001 to £12500 = £450.00*

Band E - £125001 and over = 635.00*

*If the premises rateable value is in Bands D or E and the premises is primarily used for the consumption of alcohol on the premises then your are required to pay a higher fee

Band D - £7001 to £12500 = £900.00

Band E - £125001 and over £1,905.00

There is an exemption from the payment of fees in relation to the provision of regulated entertainment at church halls, chapel halls or premises of a similar nature, village halls, parish or community halls, or other premises of a similar nature. The costs associated with these licences will be met by central Government. If, however, the licence also authorises the use of the premises for the supply of alcohol or the provision of late night refreshment, a fee will be required.

Schools and sixth form colleges are exempt from the fees associated with the authorisation of regulated entertainment only where the entertainment is provided by and at the school or college and for the purposes of the school or college.

If you operate a large event you are subject to ADDITIONAL fees based upon the number in attendance at any one time

Capacity 5000-9999 = £1,000.00

Capacity 10000 - 14999 = £2,000.00

Capacity 15000-19999 = £4,000.00

Capacity 20000-29999 = £8,000.00

Capacity 30000-39000 = £16,000.00

Capacity 40000-49999 = £24,000.00 Capacity 50000-59999 = £32,000.00

Capacity 60000-69999 = £40,000.00

Capacity 70000-79999 = £48,000.00

Capacity 80000-89999 = £56,000.00

Capacity 90000 and over = £64,000.00

NOTE: From 1st January 2018 Licences if you are granted a Licence to permit the sale/supply of alcohol between midnight and 6am (00:00 and 06:00 hours) on any day you will be liable to pay the Late Night Levy charge. The charge must be paid 14 days after the grant of your Licence, unless you fall within one of the exemption categories. Non-payment of the levy can result in suspension of your licence, as per sections 55A and 92A of the Licensing Act 2003, as amended and section 229(6) of the Police and Social Responsibility Act 2011. For more information below visit https://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/latenightlevy

Continued from previous page	
* Fee amount (£)	315.00

DECLARATION

* I/we understand it is an offence, liable on conviction to a fine up to level 5 on the standard scale, under section 158 of the licensing act 2003, to make a false statement in or in connection with this application.

[APPLICABLE TO INDIVIDUAL APPLICANTS ONLY, INCLUDING THOSE IN A PARTNERSHIP WHICH IS NOT A LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP] I UNDERSTAND I AM NOT ENTITLED TO BE ISSUED WITH A LICENCE IF I DO NOT HAVE THE ENTITLEMENT TO LIVE AND WORK IN THE UK (OR IF I AM SUBJECT TO A CONDITION PREVENTING ME FROM DOING WORK

* RELATING TO THE CARRYING ON OF A LICENSABLE ACTIVITY) AND THAT MY LICENCE WILL BECOME INVALID IF I CEASE TO BE ENTITLED TO LIVE AND WORK IN THE UK (PLEASE READ GUIDANCE NOTE 15). THE DPS NAMED IN THIS APPLICATION FORM IS ENTITLED TO WORK IN THE UK (AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS PREVENTING HIM OR HER FROM DOING WORK RELATING TO A LICENSABLE ACTIVITY) AND I HAVE SEEN A COPY OF HIS OR HER PROOF OF ENTITLEMENT TO WORK, IF APPROPRIATE (PLEASE SEE NOTE 15).

Ticking this box indicates you have read and understood the above declaration

mm

This section should be completed by the applicant, unless you answered "Yes" to the question "Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?"

* Full name

* Capacity

* Date

BALBINDER SIDHU

DIRECTOR

27 / 11 / 2023

Add another signatory

уууу

Once you're finished you need to do the following:

1. Save this form to your computer by clicking file/save as...

dd

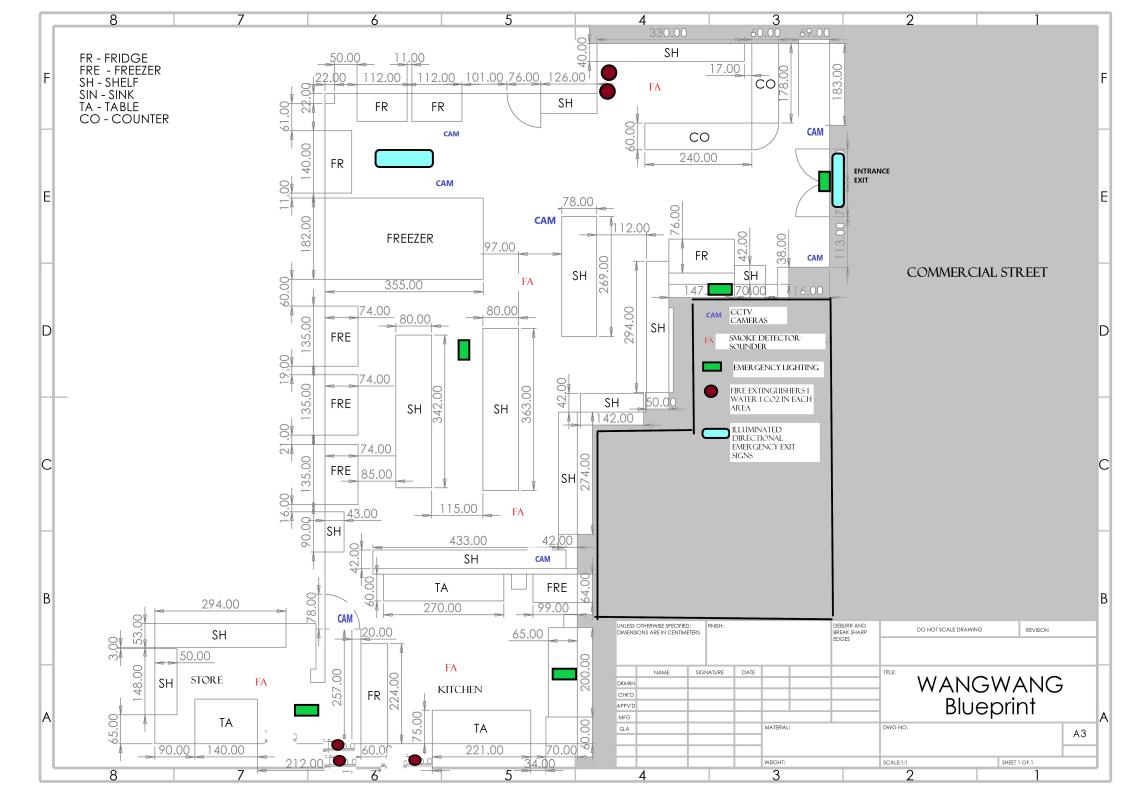
2. Go back to https://www.gov.uk/apply-for-a-licence/premises-licence/tower-hamlets/apply-1 to upload this file and continue with your application.

Don't forget to make sure you have all your supporting documentation to hand.

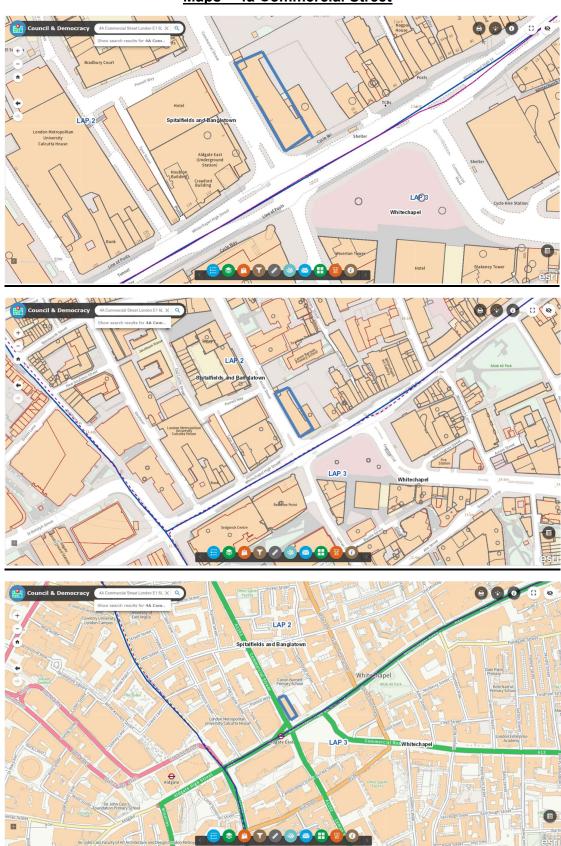
IT IS AN OFFENCE LIABLE TO SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION

IT IS AN OFFENCE UNDER SECTION 24B OF THE IMMIGRATION ACT 1971 FOR A PERSON TO WORK WHEN THEY KNOW, OR HAVE REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THEY ARE DISQUALIFIED FROM DOING SO BY REASON OF THEIR IMMIGRATION STATUS. THOSE WHO EMPLOY AN ADULT WITHOUT LEAVE OR WHO IS SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS AS TO EMPLOYMENT WILL BE LIABLE TO A CIVIL PENALTY UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE IMMIGRATION, ASYLUM AND NATIONALITY ACT 2006 AND PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE SAME ACT, WILL BE COMMITTING AN OFFENCE WHERE THEY DO SO IN THE KNOWLEDGE, OR WITH REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE, THAT THE EMPLOYEE IS DISQUALIFIED

OFFICE USE ONLY	
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Maps - 4a Commercial Street



Photos – 4a Commercial Street











Nearby Licensed Premises – 4a Commercial Street

Name & address	Licensable activities	Opening Hours
Tesco Metro 3 Commercial Street	Sale of alcohol (off sales) Monday to Sunday from 06:00hrs to 00:00hrs (midnight)	Monday to Sunday from 06:00hrs to 00:00hrs (midnight)
Taesan Ltd 4 Commercial Street	The sale of alcohol (on sales) Monday to Sunday, 11.00am to 23.00pm.	Monday to Sunday, 07.30am to 23.00pm
Ibis London City Hotel 5 Commercial Street	Alcohol (on & off sales) On Monday to Sunday, 09:00 hrs to midnight Non-standard timings New Year's Eve until 03:00 hours the following day For hotel residents and private friends of hotel residents the sale (and supply) of alcohol will not be restricted i.e. 24 hours on each day of the year. Late night refreshment On Monday to Sunday, 23:00 hrs to 05:00 hrs	On Monday to Sunday, 00:00 hrs to 24:00 hrs (24 hours)
Classic Football Shirts 17 Commercial Street	Sale of alcohol (On sales) Monday to Saturday from 11:00 hours to 23:00 hours Sunday from 11:00 hours to 22:30 hours	Monday to Saturday from 09:00 hours to 23:30 hours to 23:00 hours
The Culpeper 40 Commercial Street	Supply of Alcohol (on & off sales) and Regulated Entertainment (plays, films, indoor sporting events, recorded music, performance of dance, provision of facilities for making music and	 Monday to Wednesday, from 07:00hrs to 00:30hrs Thursday to Saturday, from 07:00hrs to 04:00hrs Sunday, from 10:00 hours to 23:30hrs

provision of facilities for dancing)

- Monday to Wednesday, from 07:00hrs to 00:00hrs (midnight)
- Thursday to Saturday, from 07:00hrs to 03:00hrs
- Sunday, from 10:00hrs to 23:00hrs

Live music

- Monday to Saturday, from 07:00hrs to 23:30hrs
- Sunday, from 10:00hrs to 23:00hrs

Late Night Refreshment

- Monday to Wednesday, from 23:00hrs to 00:30hrs
- Thursday to Saturday, from 23:00hrs to 04:00hrs
- Sunday, from 23:00hrs to 23:30hrs

Non-standard timings Supply of Alcohol and Regulated Entertainment (plays, films, indoor sporting events, recorded music, performance of dance, provision of facilities for making music and provision of facilities for dancing)

- Sundays immediately preceding a bank holiday, from 07:00hrs to 03:00hrs
- Bank Holiday Mondays, from 07:00hrs to 01:00hrs
- St. Valentines Day, St. Patrick's Day, St. Georges Day, Halloween, Christmas Eve and Boxing Day, from 07:00hrs to 03:00hrs
- New Year's Eve, from 07:00hrs to 03:00hrs 2nd January

Late Night Refreshment

 Sundays immediately preceding a bank holiday, from 23:00hrs to 04:00hrs

Non-standard timings

- Sundays immediately preceding a bank holiday, from 07:00hrs to 04:00hrs
- Bank Holiday Mondays, from 07:00hrs to 01:30hrs
- St. Valentines Day, St. Patrick's Day, St. Georges Day, Halloween, Christmas Eve and Boxing Day, from 07:00hrs to 04:00hrs

New Year's Eve, from 07:00hrs to 03:00hrs 2nd January

Xian Biang Biang 62 Wentworth Street	 Bank Holiday Mondays, from 23:00hrs to 01:30hrs St. Valentines Day, St. Patrick's Day, St. Georges Day, Halloween, Christmas Eve and Boxing Day, from 23:00hrs to 04:00hrs New Year's Eve, from 23:00hrs to 04:00hrs 2nd January The sale of alcohol (on sales only) Monday to Sunday from 11:00 hours to 22:30 hours 	Monday to Sunday from 11:00 hours to 23:00 hours
Artsadmin Toynbee Studios 28 Commercial Street	The sale of alcohol (on sales only) Alcohol Monday to Sunday, from 11:30 hours to 12midnight Regulated entertainment (Plays and films. Live music, recorded music, performance of dance and anything of a similar description. Provision of facilities for making music and provision of facilities for dancing) Monday to Sunday, from 10:00 hours to 12midnight	Monday to Sunday, from 08:30 hours to 12midnight
YUU Kitchen Lt 29 Commercial Street	The supply by retail of alcohol (on & off) Monday – Thursday 12:00 hours – 23:00 hours Friday – Saturday 12:00 hours – 23:30 hours Sunday 12:00 hours - 22:30 hours Supply of Alcohol in external areas and off sales until 21:30 hours only. The provision of late night refreshment (indoors) Friday – Saturday 23:00 hours - 23:30 hours	Monday - Thursday hours - 23:30 hours Friday — Saturday hours - 00:00 hours Sunday hours - 23:00 hours Christmas Eve hours - 00:00 hours New Year's Eve hours - 02:00 hours

Jack the Chipper 96 Whitechapel High Street	Non- Standard Hours: Christmas Eve – Supply of alcohol and provision of late night refreshment to 00:00 hours (midnight) On New Year's Eve supply by retail of alcohol and provision of late night refreshment to 01:30 hours The sale of alcohol (on sales only) Monday – Sunday 11:00 – 22:00 hours The provision of late night refreshment - indoors Monday – Saturday 23:00 hours - 23:30 hour	Monday – Saturday 07:00 0 00:00 hours (midnight) Sunday 07:00 – 23:00 hours
Nisa Local 93 Whitechapel High Street	The sale of alcohol (off sales only) Monday to Sunday 06 00 hrs to 02 00 hrs the following day	Monday to Sunday 06 00 hrs to 02 00 hrs the following day



Licensing Authority: licensing@towerhamlets.gov.uk

CC: Balbinder Sidhu Communities Directorate Public Realm

Head of Environmental Health & Trading Standards: David Tolley

Enquiries to: Mohshin Ali

Tel: Email:

www.towerhamlets.gov.uk

21st December 2023

Your reference

My reference: EHTS/LIC/L1U:165129/MA

Dear Licensing Authority,

Licensing Act 2003

New premises licence application: (Wang Wang) 4A Commercial Street, London E1 6LP

The Licensing Authority (acting a Responsible Authority) is making a representation in relation to the above application.

Special Cumulative Impact Policy for the Brick Lane

This special policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates which are likely to add to the existing cumulative impact will normally be refused following the receipt of representations, unless the applicant can demonstrate in the operation schedule that there will be no negative cumulative impacts with one or more of the licensing objectives.

The Council reviewed the Special Cumulative Impact Policy in 2021 and, following consultation, decided it was still of the opinion that the concentration of licensed premises within Brick Lane area was having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance.

The Licensing Authority is of the view that the number, type and density of premises selling/supplying alcohol for consumption on and off the premises and/or the provision of late night refreshment in the Brick Lane is having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives. Therefore, it is likely that granting further licences would be inconsistent with the authority's duty to promote the licensing objectives. Thus, it has declared a cumulative impact assessment within these areas.



Tower Hamlets Council Tower Hamlets Town Hall 160 Whitechapel Road London E1 1BJ



This Policy will be strictly applied and where relevant representations are received and it is the view of the Council that the application will be refused. Applicants will need to demonstrate that there are exceptional circumstances and that granting their application will not negatively add to the cumulative effect on the Licensing Objectives within the Brick Lane CIA if they wish to rebut this presumption.

The Special Cumulative Impact policy creates a rebuttable presumption that where relevant representations are received by one or more of the responsible authorities and/or other persons against applications (Councillors, Members of the Public) within the CIA zones the application will be refused.

Where representations have been received in respect to applications within the CIA zones the onus is on the applicant to adequately rebut the presumption.

This special policy is not absolute and the Licensing Authority recognises that it has to balance the needs of businesses with local residents. The circumstances of each application will be considered on its merits and the Licensing Authority shall grant applications, when representations are not received. The applicant should demonstrated that the operation of the premises will not add to the cumulative impact on one or more of the following licensing objectives:

- Prevention of Crime and Disorder:
- Prevention of Public Nuisance.

Therefore, applicants will be expected to comprehensively demonstrate why a new or varied licence will not add to the cumulative impact. They are strongly advised to give consideration to mitigating potential cumulative impact issues when setting out steps they will take to promote the licensing objectives in their operating schedule.

Possible exceptions to the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Cumulative Impact Assessments

- Applications for licences for small premises with a capacity of fifty persons or less who only intend to operate within framework hours, and that;
 - Only have consumption of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) on the premises only,
 - Only provide Off sales of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) for delivery (i.e. not for take away),

and.

- o Have arrangements to prevent vertical drinking, for example fully seated venues;
- Applications for licences that are not alcohol led (e.g. Hairdressers wanting to provide alcohol to clients during their hair cut/treatments),
- Applications for licences where the applicant has recently surrendered a licence for another premises of a similar size and providing similar licensable activities in the same CIA Area.

Licensing Authority will **not** consider the following as possible exceptions:

- that the premises will be well managed and run,
- that the premises will be constructed to a high standard,
- that the applicant operates similar premises elsewhere without complaint.



Licensable activities and times

The Licensing Authority has had regard to the Guidance to the Act when determining this policy. The end times set out in the policy are not (and should not be regarded as) the 'usual' or 'normal' terminal hour for licensable activities in the Borough. Instead, the 'framework hours' serve to identify cases where the Licensing Authority will pay particular regard to the likely effect on the local neighbourhood of carrying out the proposed licensable activities during the hours applied for. Applications for hours up to the end of the Framework Hours will not automatically be granted. This policy will be applied only where relevant representations are made. Each case will be considered on its merits.

Sunday – 06:00 hours to 22:30 hours
 Monday to Thursday – 06:00 hours to 23:30 hours

• Friday and Saturday – 06:00 hours to 00:00 hours (midnight)

Applications in respect of premises licences and club premises certificates to authorise licensable activities outside the framework hours, and in respect of which relevant representations are made, will be decided on their own merits and with particular regard to the following.

- a) The location of the premises and the general character of the area in which the premises are situated. (i.e. does the area include residential or business premises likely to be adversely affected).
- b) The proposed hours during which licensable activities will be take place and the proposed hours during which customers will be permitted to remain on the premises.
- c) The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to address the issues of the prevention of crime and disorder and the prevention of public nuisance.
- d) Where the premises have been previously licensed, the past operation of the premises.
- e) Whether customers have access to public transport when arriving at or leaving the premises at night time and in the early hours of the morning.
- f) The proximity of the premises to other licensed premises in the vicinity and the hours of those other premises.

The Home Office guidance

under Section 182 of the Licensing Act2003 (8.42) says:

"Applicants are, in particular, expected to obtain sufficient information to enable them to demonstrate, when setting out the steps they propose to take to promote the licensing objectives, that they understand:

- the layout of the local area and physical environment including crime and disorder hotspots, proximity to residential premises and proximity to areas where children may congregate;
- any risk posed to the local area by the applicants' proposed licensable activities; and
- any local initiatives (for example, local crime reduction initiatives or voluntary schemes including local taxi-marshalling schemes, street pastors and other schemes) which may help to mitigate potential risks."



The applicant has not offered many conditions in the operating schedule. There is no reference in the application to the premises being within the CIA and therefore no additional provisions, on how the applicant intends to uphold the licensing objectives, to demonstrate how the premises will not have a negative effect on the already saturated area.

On a balance of probability, this Authority is concerned by the addition of another premises selling alcohol, potentially adding to the existing anti-social issues in the area, particularly through "off sales" and access and egress. The addition of alcohol to the existing premises could change the dynamic of customers in high spirits and therefore potentially undermining the licensing objectives.

If the applicant is unable to prove to the Licensing Sub-Committee, through the implementation of appropriate conditions within the Operating Schedule, that the granting of the application will not undermine the licensing objectives; then the application should be rejected. However, if the Sub-Committee is minded to grant a licence then I would ask that the following additional conditions are attached:

- 1. The premises shall install and maintain a comprehensive CCTV system as per the minimum requirements of the Tower Hamlets Police Licensing Team.
 - a. All entry and exit points will be covered enabling frontal identification of every person entering in any light condition.
 - b. The CCTV system shall continually record whilst the premises is open for licensable activities and during all times when customers remain on the premises.
 - c. All recordings shall be stored for a minimum period of 31 days with date and time stamping.
 - d. Viewing of recordings shall be made available immediately upon the request of Police or authorised officer throughout the entire 31 day period.
- 2. A staff member from the premises who is conversant with the operation of the CCTV system shall be on the premises at all times when the premises are open. This staff member must be able to provide a Police or authorised council officer copies of recent CCTV images or data with the absolute minimum of delay when requested.
- 3. An incident log shall be kept at the premises and record all incidents of crime and disorder associated with the premises. The incident log shall be made available on request to an authorised officer of the Council or the Police.
- 4. Signs shall be prominently displayed both inside and outside the premises asking customers to respect local residents and be quiet when leaving the premises.



5. When the designated premise supervisor is not on the premises any or all persons authorised to sell alcohol will be authorised by the designated premises supervisor in writing. This shall be available on request by the Police or any authorised officer.

Yours sincerely



Mohshin Ali - Senior Licensing Officer Licensing & Safety Team Environmental Health & Trading Standards

Lavine Miller-Johnson

From: Alan Williams <

Sent: 21 December 2023 08:25

To: Licensing

Subject: Objection to the proposed licensing application for Wang Wang at 4a Commercial Street,

London E1 6LP

Licensing Team

Environmental Health & Trading Standards

Dear Licensing Team

Proposed licensing application for Wang Wang at 4a Commercial Street, London E1 6LP

These premises are in one of the ward's most prolific hotspots for antisocial behaviour; and are within the CIA. This means that new licence applications should be limited, if not prohibited.

The location is a few minutes' walk from two of the ward's primary care hostels; these hostels deal with vulnerable people with a history of alcohol and substance abuse.

I understand that in the past, because they have tended to encourage alcohol sales to these vulnerable people, licences have been refused to similar types of off-sales business in the direct vicinity. Excessive alcohol use, particularly where vulnerable people are involved, often leads to other substance abuse; and this in turns adds to antisocial behaviour.

The main issue for me is that where alcohol is taken away and consumed off the premises, it is almost inevitable that it will lead to an increase in antisocial behaviour. Given the premises are near to local hostels, the risk to vulnerable people is such that it will inevitably led to what is well-documented antisocial behaviour hotspot in the ward.

So, I ask you to reject the licence application on the grounds that any such off-sales licence would inevitably lead to issues of public safety and public nuisance in what is an already saturated area with well documented antisocial behaviour problems.

Thank you. Would you please redact my personal information from any electronic reproduction of this letter.

Yours sincerely

Alan Williams

Christopher Lloyd



20th December 2022

London Borough of Tower Hamlets
Licensing Team
Environmental Health & Trading Standards
160 Whitechapel Road
London
E1 1BJ

Sent via EMail

Re: Formal objection to the proposed licencing application for Wang Wang 4a Commercial Street, London E1 6LP

Dear Licensing Team

My name is Christopher Lloyd and I am the Vice Chair of Spitalfields Residents Against Anti-Social Behaviour ("SPIRE"), a community group established in 2012, which represents individuals and, at least, six of the largest resident associations including, Exchange Building Residents Association, St George's Residents Association, Spitalfields Community Group (SCG), Spitalfields Market Residents Association (SMRA), Norton Folgate Community Group (NFCG), and Spitalfields Society, in Spitalfields and Banglatown ("the Ward").

SPIRE reviews all new and/or amended applications for alcohol licences in the Ward to ensure the interests of individuals and groups it represents are not negatively impacted by any such application(s).

Specifically, SPIRE reviews all new and/or amended applications for alcohol licences to ensure they do not contravene applicable law, guidelines, and/or other acceptable practices for alcohol licences in the Ward. This includes, but not limited to, the appropriate enforcement of the Brick Lane Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA), which applies to a majority of the Ward.

SPIRE is a 'pro-commerce' community group and supports the careful balance of a vibrant, diverse, and commercial ward with the needs of residents and visitors to appreciate a safe, clean, and liveable neighbourhood free from anti-social behaviour and related issues. Consequently, when a formal objection is raised by SPIRE, such as the case detailed below, it has been carefully considered and represents a substantial number of constituents in the Ward.

Formal Objection

SPIRE raises a formal objection to the proposed application for an off-sales alcohol licence for Wang Wand 4a Commercial Street, London E1 6LP

The Premise is located within the CIA and in one of the ward's most prolific hotspots for antisocial behaviour. New licence applications within this area are meant to be limited if not prohibited and this is of real concern given the location being a few minutes walk from 2 of the ward's primary care hostels. The Dellow Centre and Founders House. These hostels deal with vulnerable people with a history of alcohol and substance abuse and in the past licences have been removed from similar types of off-sales business in the direct vicinity as they have encouraged alcohol sales to these vulnerable people, sometimes with disastrous consequences to them and local residents. Excessive alcohol use frequently leads onto other substance abuse with vulnerable people which in turns adds to the antisocial behaviour.

SPIRE objects fully to the granting of a licence for off-sales of alcohol, the main issue is that alcohol is taken away and consumed off the applicant's premises and given the location to local hostels and the well documented antisocial behaviour hotspot in the ward it is inevitable that it would lead to an increase in antisocial behaviour.

In summary SPIRE asks the licencing committee to reject the licence application on the grounds that any such off-sales licence would inevitably lead to issues of public safety and public nuisance in what is an already saturated area with well documented antisocial behaviour problems,

Please acknowledge that our objection has been received and that the contents of this letter will be considered as part of the overall review process.

Yours sincerely

Christopher Lloyd Vice Chair, SPIRE

Corinne Holland

From: Licensing

Sent: 11 December 2023 17:31 **To:** Lavine Miller-Johnson

Subject: FW: Conditions agreed License App 4A COMMERCIAL STREET

From: MARK.J.Perry

Sent: Monday, December 11, 2023 12:43 PM

To: dstewart.

Cc: Licensing ; Nicola Cadzow

Subject: Conditions agreed License App 4A COMMERCIAL STREET

Good afternoon David,

In deed it has, I am fine thanks and hope you are well?

Thanks for agreeing conditions on behalf of your client so quickly.

Tower Hamlets Council Licensing please see below conditions agreed with the applicant.

Kind Regards

Mark



PC Mark Perry Central East Licensing Unit Metropolitan Police Service (MPS)

A: Licensing Office, 1st Floor Stoke Newington Police Station





From: David Stewart <

Sent: 11 December 2023 09:46

To: Perry Mark J - CE-CU <

Subject: Re: FW: Premises License Application 4A COMMERCIAL STREET

On Fri, 8 Dec 2023, 17:35

> wrote:

Good Morning Mark

I trust you are well it has been a while since we last spoke

I have been advising Wang Wang on this application, I have included cctv challenge 25 and refusal log in the application. I am happy to advise Wang Wang to accept your wording. The application is for off sales only the premises is a supermarket selling oriental products and wishes to sell a small and limited range of oriental alcoholic drinks. All alcoholic drinks will be sold from behind the counter. I therefore think your conditions 1,2,5 and 6 are entirely appropriate. I trust you agree.

I am away till the 17th December and will pop in to see Wang Wang on the 18th

Kind regards

David Stewart

From: MARK.J.Perry

Sent: Frida December 8 2023 2:42 PM

To:

Subject: Premises License Application 4A COMMERCIAL STREET

Hi,

I am PC Mark Perry from Central East Police Licensing and I am dealing with your license application. While I have no objection to your application in principle I would like the following conditions added to the license:

- 1. The premises shall install and maintain a comprehensive CCTV system as per the minimum requirements of the Tower Hamlets Police Licensing Team. All entry and exit points will be covered enabling frontal identification of every person entering in any light condition. The CCTV system shall continually record whilst the premises is open for licensable activities and during all times when customers remain on the premises. All recordings shall be stored for a minimum period of 31 days with date and time stamping. Viewing of recordings shall be made available immediately upon the request of Police or authorised officer throughout the entire 31 day period.
- 2. A staff member from the premises who is conversant with the operation of the CCTV system shall be on the premises at all times when the premises are open. This staff member must be able to provide a Police or authorised council officer copies of recent CCTV images or data with the absolute minimum of delay when requested.

3.	An incident log shall be kept at the premises, and be available on request to the Police or
	an authorised officer. It must be completed within 24 hours of any incident and will record
	the following:

- a) all crimes reported to the venue;
- b) all ejections of patrons;
- c) any complaints received concerning crime and disorder
- d) any incidents of disorder;
- e) all seizures of drugs or offensive weapons;
- f) any faults in the CCTV system, searching equipment or scanning equipment;
- g) any refusal of the sale of alcohol;
- h) any visit by a relevant authority or emergency service.
- 4. In the event that a serious assault is committed on the premises (or appears to have been committed) the management will immediately ensure that:
 - a) the police (and, where appropriate, the London Ambulance Service) are called without delay;
 - b) all measures that are reasonably practicable are taken to apprehend any suspects pending the arrival of the police;
 - c) the crime scene is preserved so as to enable a full forensic investigation to be carried out by the police; and
 - d) such other measures are taken (as appropriate) to fully protect the safety of all persons present on the premises.
- 5. A Challenge 25 proof of age scheme shall be operated at the premises where the only acceptable forms of identification are recognised photographic identification cards, such as a driving licence, passport or proof of age card with the PASS Hologram.
- 6. A record shall be kept detailing all refused sales of alcohol. The record should include the date and time of the refused sale and the name of the member of staff who refused the sale. The record must show the outcome of the person who was intoxicated. The record

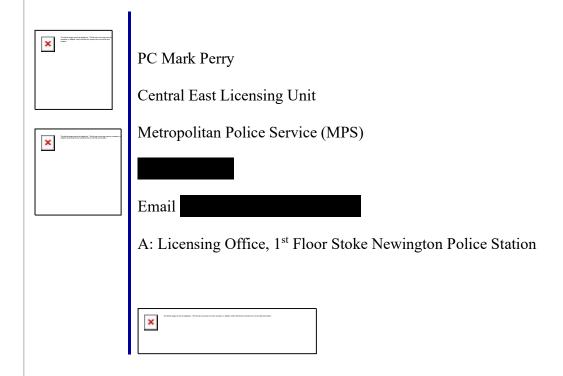
shall be available for inspection at the premises by the police or an authorised officer at all times whilst the premises is open.

If these conditions are acceptable or if you wish to discuss them, then please e-mail me, either to confirm that you agree and I will inform the council we have agreed terms. Or to arrange to discuss them.

I look forward to hearing from you.

Kind Regards

Mark



Section 182 Advice by the Home Office Updated on August 2023

Relevant, vexatious and frivolous representations

- 9.4 A representation is "relevant" if it relates to the likely effect of the grant of the licence on the promotion of at least one of the licensing objectives. For example, a representation from a local businessperson about the commercial damage caused by competition from new licensed premises would not be relevant. On the other hand, a representation by a businessperson that nuisance caused by new premises would deter customers from entering the local area, and the steps proposed by the applicant to prevent that nuisance were inadequate, would be relevant. In other words, representations should relate to the impact of licensable activities carried on from premises on the objectives. For representations in relation to variations to be relevant, they should be confined to the subject matter of the variation. There is no requirement for a responsible authority or other person to produce a recorded history of problems at premises to support their representations, and in fact this would not be possible for new premises.
- 9.5 It is for the licensing authority to determine whether a representation (other than a representation from responsible authority) is frivolous or vexatious on the basis of what might ordinarily be considered to be vexatious or frivolous. A representation may be considered to be vexatious if it appears to be intended to cause aggravation or annoyance, whether to a competitor or other person, without reasonable cause or justification. Vexatious circumstances may arise because of disputes between rival businesses and local knowledge will therefore be invaluable in considering such matters. Licensing authorities can consider the main effect of the representation, and whether any inconvenience or expense caused by it could reasonably be considered to be proportionate.
- 9.6 Frivolous representations would be essentially categorised by a lack of seriousness. Frivolous representations would concern issues which, at most, are minor and in relation to which no remedial steps would be warranted or proportionate.
- 9.7 Any person who is aggrieved by a rejection of their representations on either of these grounds may lodge a complaint through the local authority's corporate complaints procedure. A person may also challenge the authority's decision by way of judicial review.
- 9.8 Licensing authorities should not take decisions about whether representations are frivolous, vexatious or relevant to the licensing objectives on the basis of any political judgement. This may be difficult for councillors who receive complaints from residents within their own wards.

If consideration is not to be delegated, contrary to the recommendation in this Guidance, an assessment should be prepared by officials for consideration by the sub- committee before any decision is taken that necessitates a hearing. Any councillor who considers that their own interests are such that they are unable to consider the matter independently should disqualify themselves.

- 9.9 It is recommended that, in borderline cases, the benefit of the doubt about any aspect of a representation should be given to the person making that representation. The subsequent hearing would then provide an opportunity for the person or body making the representation to amplify and clarify it.
- 9.10 Licensing authorities should consider providing advice on their websites about how any person can make representations to them.

Licensing Policy Section 11

Prevention of Public Nuisance

- 11.1 Licensed premises, especially those operating late at night and in the early hours of the morning, can cause a range of nuisances impacting on people living, working or sleeping in the vicinity of the premises.
- 11.2 Like many London boroughs, Tower Hamlets has may areas of the borough where businesses and residents are "cheek by jowl" with each other. Thus, the correct balance needs to be adopted ensuring residents are not unduly disturbed by licensed premises, whilst ensuring this does not stifle growth in the licence trade.
- 11.3 Though all licensed premises must promote the licensing objectives, and thus actively try to prevent public nuisance being caused by their licensable activities, there are some factors that this Licensing Authority would expect to applicants to consider and where appropriate address in their operating schedule. These are:
 - a) Music/performances
 Measures to reduce impact of noise on residents
 - b) Queue management
 - Measure to prevent obstruct access to properties, pavements. Measure to reduce the impact of people noise on residents
 - c) Ingress and Egress
 - Measure to prevent people noise during ingress and egress
 - d) Use of outside areas (see 11.7 below)
 - e) Deliveries, particularly pick-ups by vehicles

 Measures to prevent noise/fumes from engines, drivers (including smoking).
 - f) Bottle disposal
 - Done at reasonable time to prevent impact on residents e.g. between 8am and 8pm
 - g) Litter
 - Measures to prevent littering around the venue from patrons
- 11.4 The Licensing Authority appreciates that it would not be necessary or appropriate for all applications to have measures to prevent the above issues. Nevertheless, we will take a strong view on applications for licences that are in close proximity to residential premises, and whose indented use has a higher likelihood of causing public nuisance. This also includes those applications in areas covered by a Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA). Especially where the applications falls outside the scope of any exceptions to such CIAs.
- 11.5 The Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will consider, where appropriate, attaching conditions to licences and permissions to prevent the

problems identified listed above, or any other conditions it considered appropriate and proportionate to promote the licensing condition of prevention of public nuisance.

- 11.6 **Street Furniture** placing of street furniture, which includes advertising boards, on the highway can cause a public nuisance by way of obstruction or encourage consumption of alcohol on an unlicensed area. The Licensing Authority expects applicants to have ensured that they fully comply with the Councils rules relating to authorisation of obstructions on the highway, and that the required authorisations are obtained prior to submitting a licence application. Where proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will impose conditions in relation to street furniture, including on private land.
- 11.7 **Fly Posting** The Council has experienced problems with "fly posting" in relation to venues that offer entertainment. Fly posting is the unauthorised posting of posters / advertisements etc. Where it considers it proportionate and appropriate, and its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will attach conditions relating to the control of fly posting to ensure that venues clearly prohibit all fly posting in their contract terms with others and they effectively enforce this control.
- 11.8 **Beer Gardens and outside areas** since the ending of the restrictions imposed during the Coronavirus pandemic, we have seen an increase the use of outside areas. This has also been encouraged by Government under the Business and Planning Act 2020. We want to strike the right balance between allowing businesses to thrive whilst still protecting residents of the borough being unduly disturbed by the night time economy. Hence, we would encourage applicants address this concern in their operating schedule by detailing what mitigating measures they intend adopt to reduce any disturbance the use of the outside area is likely to have on neighbouring residents. Such measures could include:
 - limiting the amount of patrons permitted in the outside area, and/or,
 - restricting the use of areas after a certain time,
 - ceasing its use after a certain time.

Where disturbance of residents from outside areas is likely, and where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add conditions limiting the numbers of person permitted to use any outside areas, and/or seek to cease the use of any outside areas after 21:00 hours.

11.9 **Party Boats** – An increasing number of complaints have been received in London Boroughs that boarder the River Thames in relation to "Party Boats", which use the River. In respect of this we would encourage applicants for Party Boats to consider adopting the "Boat" conditions, listed in our Model Conditions in Appendix 3, where appropriate to promote the Licensing Objective of Prevention of Public Nuisance. Furthermore, where disturbance of residence from these party boats is likely, and where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add one or more of the boat conditions from our Model Conditions.

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Public nuisance

- 2.15 The 2003 Act enables licensing authorities and responsible authorities, through representations, to consider what constitutes public nuisance and what is appropriate to prevent it in terms of conditions attached to specific premises licences and club premises certificates. It is therefore important that in considering the promotion of this licensing objective, licensing authorities and responsible authorities focus on the effect of the licensable activities at the specific premises on persons living and working (including those carrying on business) in the area around the premises which may be disproportionate and unreasonable. The issues will mainly concern noise nuisance, light pollution, noxious smells and litter.
- 2.16 Public nuisance is given a statutory meaning in many pieces of legislation. It is however not narrowly defined in the 2003 Act and retains its broad common law meaning. It may include in appropriate circumstances the reduction of the living and working amenity and environment of other persons living and working in the area of the licensed premises. Public nuisance may also arise as a result of the adverse effects of artificial light, dust, odour and insects or where its effect is prejudicial to health.
- 2.17 Conditions relating to noise nuisance will usually concern steps appropriate to control the levels of noise emanating from premises. This might be achieved by a simple measure such as ensuring that doors and windows are kept closed after a particular time, or persons are not permitted in garden areas of the premises after a certain time. More sophisticated measures like the installation of acoustic curtains or rubber speaker mounts to mitigate sound escape from the premises may be appropriate. However, conditions in relation to live or recorded music may not be enforceable in circumstances where the entertainment activity itself is not licensable (see chapter 16). Any conditions appropriate to promote the prevention of public nuisance should be tailored to the type, nature and characteristics of the specific premises and its licensable activities. Licensing authorities should avoid inappropriate or disproportionate measures that could deter events that are valuable to the community. such as live music. Noise limiters, for example, are expensive to purchase and install and are likely to be a considerable burden for smaller venues.
- 2.18 As with all conditions, those relating to noise nuisance may not be appropriate in certain circumstances where provisions in other legislation adequately protect those living in the area of the premises. But as stated earlier in this Guidance, the approach of licensing authorities and responsible authorities should be one of prevention and when their powers are engaged, licensing authorities should be aware of the fact that other legislation may not adequately cover concerns raised in relevant representations and additional conditions may be appropriate.

- 2.19 Where applications have given rise to representations, any appropriate conditions should normally focus on the most sensitive period for people being disturbed by unreasonably loud music is at night and into the early morning when residents in adjacent properties may be attempting to go to sleep or are sleeping. This is why there is still a need for a licence for performances of live music between 11 pm and 8 am. In certain circumstances, conditions relating to noise emanating from the premises may also be appropriate to address any disturbance anticipated as customers enter and leave.
- 2.20 Measures to control light pollution will also require careful thought. Bright lighting outside premises which is considered appropriate to prevent crime and disorder may itself give rise to light pollution for some neighbours. Applicants, licensing authorities and responsible authorities will need to balance these issues.
- 2.21 Beyond the immediate area surrounding the premises, these are matters for the personal responsibility of individuals under the law. An individual who engages in anti-social behaviour is accountable in their own right. However, it would be perfectly reasonable for a licensing authority to impose a condition, following relevant representations, that requires the licence holder or club to place signs at the exits from the building encouraging patrons to be quiet until they leave the area, or that, if they wish to smoke, to do so at designated places on the premises instead of outside, and to respect the rights of people living nearby to a peaceful night.

Licensing Policy Section 9

Crime and Disorder

- 7.1 Licensed premises, especially those offering late night / early morning entertainment, alcohol and refreshment for large numbers of people, can be a source of crime and disorder problems and to store prescribed information.
- 7.2 When addressing crime and disorder the applicant should initially identify any particular issues (having regard to their particular type of premises and / or activities) which are likely to adversely affect the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective. The applicant should also list such steps that are required to deal with these identified issues. Both risks and mitigating steps should be included within the applications operating schedule. Where the Metropolitan Police, acting as a responsible authority, makes recommendations in respect of an application relating to the licensing objectives the Licensing Authority would expect the applicant to incorporate these into their operating schedule.
- 7.3 Applicants are recommended to seek advice from Council Officers and the Police as well as taking into account, as appropriate, local planning and transport policies, with tourism, cultural and crime prevention strategies, when preparing their plans and Schedules.
- 7.4 In addition to the requirements for the Licensing Authority to promote the licensing objectives, it also has duties under Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 to do all it reasonably can to prevent crime and disorder in the Borough and to share prescribed information.
- 7.5 The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will consider attaching Conditions to licences and permissions to deter and prevent crime and disorder both inside and immediately outside the premises and these may include Conditions drawn from the Model Conditions in Appendix 3.
- 7.6 **CCTV** The Licensing Authority, if its discretion is engaged, will attach conditions to licences, as appropriate where the conditions reflect local crime prevention strategies, for example the provision of closed circuit television cameras.
- 7.7 **Touting** This is soliciting for custom. There has been a historic problem with Touting in the borough, mainly in relation to restaurants, and as such in 2006 the Council introduced a byelaw under Section 235 of the Local Government Act 1972 for the good rule and government of the London Borough of Tower Hamlets and for the prevention and suppression of nuisances.

As a result, in relation to premises where there is intelligence that touting is, or has been carried out, the Licensing Authority, where its discretion is engaged, will insert a conditions from our model conditions in appendix 3, to prohibit 'touting':-

- 7.8 **Responsible Drinking -** The Licensing Authority expects alcohol to be promoted in a responsible way in the Borough. This should incorporate relevant industry standards, such as the Portman Group Code of Practice. Where appropriate and proportionate, if its discretion is engaged, the Licensing Authority will apply conditions to ensure responsible drinking. The Licensing Authority also recognises the positive contribution to best practice that "Pubwatch" and other similar schemes can make in promoting the licensing objectives and is committed to working with them.
- 7.9 **Psychoactive Substances, e.g. Nitrous Oxide (NOx) –** Misuse of nitrous oxide is associated with increased antisocial behaviour including littering, noise nuisance and vandalism, all of which are detrimental to residents' quality of life and feelings of safety. Use of nitrous oxide is also a health concern and has other associated harms.

As a result, this Licensing Authority expects Licence Holders to refuse entry to any person seen use or selling NOx as a psychoactive Substance. Refusals should also be entered into Licence Holders refusals logs.

Where its discretion is engaged this Licensing Authority impose conditions to formally require refusal of persons seen selling or using NOx as a psychoactive Substance.

7.10 **Drinks spiking** – in reference to the Local Governments Association (LGA) Guidance note on drink spiking prevention, this Licensing Authority expects licence holders and applicants to have a zero-tolerance policy towards drinks spiking. This involves as a minimum ensuring all reports of spiking are acted upon and that all incidents of alleged spiking are recorded and reported to the police. Licence holders and applicants should also be aware of the Metropolitan Police's definition of drink spiking:

"Spiking is where someone adds drugs or alcohol to another person's drink without them knowing, it is illegal."

The LGA has set some recommendations for Licence holder, and we would expect our Licence holders to follow these where appropriate to their venues:

https://www.local.gov.uk/publications/lga-guidance-note-drink-spiking-prevention#recommended-actions-for-licensed-premises-

Applicants for new and variations of exiting licences as well as those submitting TENs are expected to work with the Metropolitan Police in order to consider actions needed to prevent drinks spiking in their venues/events

Where its discretion is engaged this Licensing Authority will impose conditions on licences aimed at preventing drinks spiking, specifically any recommended by the metropolitan police.

- 7.11 **Welfare and Vulnerability** This Licensing Authority believes that all Licensed venues should train their staff in Welfare and Vulnerability Engagement (WAVE). As of 2023 this Licensing Authority in partnership with the Metropolitan Police and the London Borough of Hackney is delivering monthly WAVE training sessions for Licensed venues within both Tower Hamlets and Hackney. As a result, we expect that all Licensed venues who sell alcohol for consumption on their premises should train their staff in WAVE and adopt Ask for Angela or similar initiatives aimed at assisting vulnerability within alcohol licensed venues.
- 7.12 **Sexual Harassment in the Night Time Economy** sadly this is still an issues for women working in and visiting licensed venues in London. As a result, this Licensing Authority encourages Licensed venues to sign up to the Mayor of London's Women's Night Safety Charter:

https://www.london.gov.uk/programmes-strategies/arts-and-culture/24-hour-london/womens-night-safety-charter

As well as the Women's Night Safety Charter we would encourage applicants and licence holders to discuss applications with the Council's Violence Against Women and Girls Service, who can provide advice and training to venues on preventing misogyny within licensed premises.

Lastly, we expect Licence Holders to take a zero-tolerance approach to misogyny within their venues where this is towards customers or employees. We would expect licence holders to refuse to serve persons who commit acts of sexual harassment, even in the first instance, and report the matter to the Metropolitan Police.

- 7.13 **Party Boats** An increasing number of complaints have been received in London Boroughs that boarder the River Thames in relation to "Party Boats", which use the River. In respect of this we would encourage applicants for Party Boats to consider adopting the conditions listed in our Model Conditions in Appendix 3, where appropriate to promote the Licensing Objective of Prevention of Crime and Disorder. Furthermore, where its discretion is engaged, this Licensing Authority may add one or more of the boat conditions from our Model Conditions.
- 7.14 **Criminal Activity** There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which the Licensing Authority will treat particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
 - for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;
 - for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
 - for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;
 - for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;

- for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
- by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
- as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;
- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

The Secretary State's Guidance states that it is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and this Licensing Authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence, even in the first instance, should be seriously considered.

- 7.15 The Licensing Authority is mindful of the Secretary of State's Guidance "Reviews arising in connection with crime".
- 7.16 From 1 April 2017, businesses which sell alcohol (for example, retailers of alcohol and trade buyers) will need to ensure that the UK wholesalers that they buy alcohol from have been approved by HMRC under the Alcohol Wholesaler Registration Scheme (AWRS). They will need to check their wholesalers Unique Registration Number (URN) against the HMRC online database which will be available from April 2017. This is an ongoing obligation and if a business is found to have bought alcohol from an unapproved wholesaler, they may be liable to a penalty or could even face criminal prosecution and their alcohol stock may be seized. Any trader who buys alcohol from a wholesaler for onward sale to the general public (known as a 'trade buyer') does not need to register unless they sell alcohol to other businesses. Examples of trade buyers would be pubs, clubs, restaurants, cafes, retailers, and hotels. However, they will need to check that the wholesaler they purchase alcohol from is registered with HMRC. Further information may be found at: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/the-alcohol-wholesaler-registration-scheme-awrs.
- 7.17 **Smuggled Good**s The Licensing Authority will exercise its discretion to add conditions to licence where appropriate and proportionate to reduce the risk of receiving smuggled goods and encourage traceability.
- 7.18 **Olympic Park (Football Ground)** Premises where Police intelligence shows that football supporters congregate within the borough should consider adding the Olympic Park Football Ground conditions in our Model Conditions in appendix 3.

Guidance Issued by the Home Office under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

Updated December 2022

Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder. They should also seek to involve the local Community Safety Partnership (CSP).
- 2.2 In the exercise of their functions, licensing authorities should seek to cooperate with the Security Industry Authority ("SIA") as far as possible and consider adding relevant conditions to licences where appropriate. The SIA also plays an important role in preventing crime and disorder by ensuring that door supervisors are properly licensed and, in partnership with police and other agencies, that security companies are not being used as fronts for serious and organised criminal activity. This may include making specific enquiries or visiting premises through intelligence led operations in conjunction with the police, local authorities and other partner agencies. Similarly, the provision of requirements for door supervision may be appropriate to ensure that people who are drunk, drug dealers or people carrying firearms do not enter the premises and ensuring that the police are kept informed.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises (see paragraph 10.10). For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.4 The inclusion of radio links and ring-round phone systems should be considered an appropriate condition for public houses, bars and nightclubs operating in city and town centre leisure areas with a high density of licensed premises. These systems allow managers of licensed premises to communicate instantly with the police and facilitate a rapid response to any disorder which may be endangering the customers and staff on the premises.

- 2.5 Conditions relating to the management competency of designated premises supervisors should not normally be attached to premises licences. It will normally be the responsibility of the premises licence holder as an employer, and not the licensing authority, to ensure that the managers appointed at the premises are competent and appropriately trained. The designated premises supervisor is the key person who will usually be responsible for the day to day management of the premises by the premises licence holder, including the prevention of disorder. A condition of this kind may only be justified as appropriate in rare circumstances where it can be demonstrated that, in the circumstances associated with particular premises, poor management competency could give rise to issues of crime and disorder and public safety.
- 2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that evidence of a right to work check, either physical or digital (e.g. a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check or a clear copy of the online right to work check) are retained at the licensed premises.

Licensing Policy – Sections 20, 21 and Appendix 5

Special Cumulative Impact Policy for the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Area

- 1. The Licensing Authority has adopted a special policy relating to cumulative impact in areas of:
 - Brick Lane
 - Bethnal Green

This special policy creates a rebuttable presumption that applications for the grant or variation of premises licences or club premises certificates which are likely to add to the existing cumulative impact will normally be refused following the receipt of representations, unless the applicant can demonstrate in the operation schedule that there will be no negative cumulative impacts with one or more of the licensing objectives.

2. The Council reviewed the Special Cumulative Impact Policy in 2021 and, following consultation, decided it was still of the opinion that the concentration of licensed premises within Brick Lane area was having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance. As part of the review in 2021, the Council also decided that the concentration of licensed premises within the Bethnal Green area was also having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives of crime and disorder and prevention of public nuisance.

Review of Cumulative Impact Assessment - Supporting Evidence

- 3. In determining the Councils CIAs for the area of Brick Lane and Bethnal Green (Figures One and Two Below) the Council considered the following evidence:
 - Hot spot maps of incidents of crime and disorder and ASB linked to Licence premises in the defined areas for 2017 to 2020.
 - Complaint data from Environmental Health and Trading Standards relating to Noise and Licensing.
 - Licence Application data for the defined areas for 2017 to 2020
 - Results of the Consultation, that included Survey data and comments and written responses.

This evidence is published on our website:

http://democracy.towerhamlets.gov.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=30 9&Mld=12361.

Cumulative Impact Assessments (Brick Lane and Bethnal Green)

- 4. The Licensing Authority is of the view that the number, type and density of premises selling/supplying alcohol for consumption on and off the premises and/or the provision of late night refreshment in the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Areas (highlighted in Figures One and Two below) is having a cumulative impact on the licensing objectives. Therefore, it is likely that granting further licences would be inconsistent with the authority's duty to promote the licensing objectives. Thus, it has declared a cumulative impact assessment within these areas.
- 5. The Brick Lane and Bethnal Green CIAs aim to manage the negative cumulative impact of the concentration of licensed premises in these areas and the stresses that the saturation of licensed premises has had on the local amenity, environmental degradation and emergency and regulatory services in managing this impact.
- 6. The effect of this Special Cumulative Assessment Policy will apply to the following types of applications:
 - New Premises Licences applications,
 - New Club Premises Certificates applications
 - Provisional Statements,
 - Variation of Premises Licenses and Club Premises Certificate applications (where the modifications are relevant to the issue of cumulative impact for example increases in hours or capacity).

However, it will only apply where the application seeks to permit the Licensable activities of:

- the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on or off the premises, and/or.
- the provision of late night refreshment.
- 7. This Policy will be strictly applied and where relevant representations are received and it is the view of the Council that the application will be refused. Applicants will need to demonstrate that there are exceptional circumstances and that granting their application will not negatively add to the cumulative effect on the Licensing Objectives within the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green CIAs if they wish to rebut this presumption.
- 8. The Special Cumulative Impact policy creates a rebuttable presumption that where relevant representations are received by one or more of the responsible authorities and/or other persons against applications (Councillors, Members of the Public) within the CIA zones the application will be refused.
- 9. Where representations have been received in respect to applications within the CIA zones the onus is on the applicant to adequately rebut the presumption.

- 10. It must be stressed that the presumption created by this special policy does not relieve responsible authorities or other persons of the need to make a representation. If there are no representations, the licensing authority must grant the application in terms that are consistent with the operating schedule submitted in line with their delegated authority.
- 11. This special policy is not absolute and the Licensing Authority recognises that it has to balance the needs of businesses with local residents. The circumstances of each application will be considered on its merits and the Licensing Authority shall grant applications, when representations are not received. The applicant should demonstrated that the operation of the premises will not add to the cumulative impact on one or more of the following licensing objectives:
 - Prevention of Crime and Disorder;
 - Prevention of Public Nuisance.

Therefore, applicants will be expected to comprehensively demonstrate why a new or varied licence will not add to the cumulative impact. They are strongly advised to give consideration to mitigating potential cumulative impact issues when setting out steps they will take to promote the licensing objectives in their operating schedule.

12. The Special Cumulative Impact policy will not be used to revoke an existing licence or certificate and will not be applicable during the review of existing licences.

Possible exceptions to the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green Cumulative Impact Assessments

- Applications for licences for small premises with a capacity of fifty persons or less who only intend to operate within framework hours, and that;
 - Only have consumption of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) on the premises only;
 - Only provide Off sales of food (late night refreshment) and drink (alcohol) for delivery (i.e. not for take away); and,
 - Have arrangements to prevent vertical drinking, for example fully seated venues.
- Applications for licences that are not alcohol led (e.g. Hairdressers wanting to provide alcohol to clients during their hair cut/treatments), .
- Applications for licences where the applicant has recently surrendered a licence for another premises of a similar size and providing similar licensable activities in the same CIA Area.

Licensing Authority will **not** consider the following as possible exceptions:

- that the premises will be well managed and run,
- that the premises will be constructed to a high standard,
- that the applicant operates similar premises elsewhere without complaint.

The Cumulative Impact Assessment Areas for the Brick Lane and Bethnal Green

13. The Cumulative Impact Assessment Areas are detailed in the maps below.

Figure One

Brick Lane area:

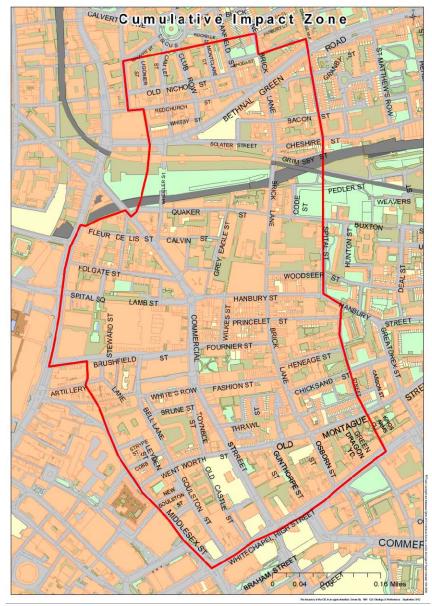
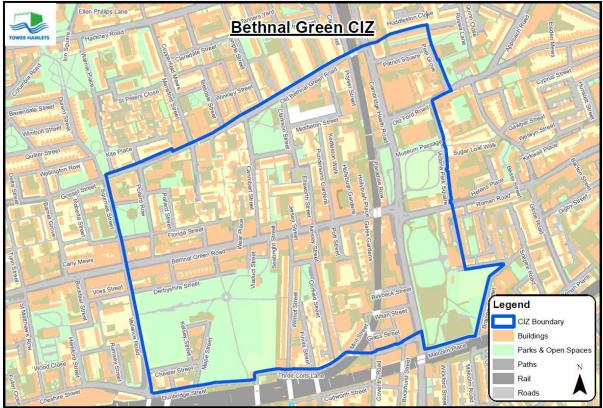


Figure Two:

Bethnal Green Area



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Licensing Policy Relating to Hours of Trading

All applications have to be considered on their own merits.

The Council has however adopted a set of framework hours as follows:

- Monday to Thursday, from 06:00 hrs to 23:30 hrs
- Friday and Saturday, from 06:00 hrs to 00:00 hrs (midnight)
- Sunday, from 06:00 hrs to 22:30 hrs

(see 16.8 of the Licensing Policy)

In considering the applicability of frame work hours to any particular application regard should be had to the following

- Location
- Proposed hours of regulated activities, and the proposed hours the premises are open to the public
- The adequacy of the applicant's proposals to deal with issues of crime and disorder and public nuisance
- Previous history
- Access to public transport
- Proximity to other licensed premises, and their hours

(See 16.9 of the Licensing Policy)

Subject to any representations to the contrary in individual cases the following premises are not generally considered to contribute to late night anti-social behaviour and will therefore generally have greater freedom

- Theatres
- Cinemas
- Premises with club premises certificates

Planning

An application for a Premises Licence can be made in respect of a premises even where the premises does not have relevant Planning Permission. That application has to be considered and Members can only refuse the application where the application itself does not promote one of more of the Licensing Objectives. Members cannot refuse just because there is no planning permission. Where a Premises Licence is granted and which exceeds what is allowed by the Planning Permission and that Premises then operates in breach of planning then the operator would be liable to enforcement by Planning.